

EVA AIRWAYS CORPORATION
RULES AND PROCEDURES OF SHAREHOLDERS'
MEETING

(English Translation)

Article 1

Shareholders' Meeting of the Company (the "Meeting") shall be conducted in accordance with these Rules and Procedures. Any matter not provided in these Rules and Procedures shall be handled in accordance with the Company Act and other relevant laws and regulations.

Article 2

Shareholders in these Rules refer to shareholders themselves or their designated proxies attending the Meeting.

Any legal entity designated as proxy by shareholders to be present at the Meeting may appoint only one representative to attend the Meeting.

Article 3

Shareholders attending the Meeting shall bring an attendance card, and submit it for the purpose of signing in. The number of shares represented by shareholders attending the Meeting shall be calculated in accordance with the attendance cards submitted by the shareholders. The attendance of the Meeting shall be calculated based on shares.

Article 4

The Meeting shall be held at the head office of the Company or at any other appropriate place that is convenient for the shareholders to attend. The time to start the Meeting shall not be earlier than 9:00 a.m. or later than 3:00 p.m.

Article 5

Chairman shall call the Meeting to order at the time scheduled for the Meeting. If the number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the Meeting has not yet constituted the majority at the time scheduled for the Meeting, the chairman may postpone the Meeting. The postponements shall be limited to two times at the most and Meeting shall not be postponed for longer than one hour in the aggregate.

If after two postponements no quorum can yet be constituted but the shareholders present at the Meeting represent more than one - third of the total outstanding shares, tentative resolutions may be made in accordance with Section 1 of Article 175 of the Company Act. If before the end of the Meeting the number of outstanding shares represented by the shareholders present becomes sufficient to constitute the quorum, the chairman shall submit the tentative resolutions to the Meeting for approval in accordance with Article 174 of the Company Act.

Article 6

The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the chairman presiding at the Meeting in the case that the Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors.

If the Meeting is convened by any other person entitled to convene the Meeting, such person shall be the chairman to preside at the Meeting. If there are more than two persons convening the Meeting, they should select one person to be the chairman.

Article 7

The agenda of the Meeting shall be set by the Board of Directors if the Meeting is convened by the Board of Directors. Unless otherwise resolved at the Meeting, the Meeting shall proceed in accordance with the agenda.

The above provision applies mutatis mutandis to cases where the Meeting is convened by any person, other than the Board of Directors, entitled to convene such Meeting.

Unless otherwise resolved at the Meeting, the chairman cannot announce adjournment of the Meeting before all the items (including special motions) listed in the agenda are resolved. In the event that the Chairman adjourns the Meeting in violation of these Rules and Procedures, the shareholders may designate, by a majority of votes represented by shareholders attending the Meeting, one person as chairman to continue the Meeting. The shareholders cannot designate any other person as chairman and continue the Meeting in the same or other place after the Meeting is adjourned.

Article 7-1

In accordance with Article 172-1 of the Company Act, the shareholders who hold one percent (1%) or more of the total number of outstanding shares of the Company may submit proposal in written form for discussion at the annual general meeting of shareholders.

The proposals submitted by shareholders violating Article 172-1 of the Company Act shall not be included in the agenda of the Meeting and the minute of the Meeting, but the cause of exclusion of such proposals shall be listed in the appendix of the handbook for shareholders' meeting proceedings of the Company.

The shareholders' proposals complying with the Article 172-1 of the Company Act, which are classified into the same category of the proposal submitted by the Board of Directors, shall be deemed as the amendment of the proposal submitted by the Board of Directors, and the Chairman may combine them into one proposal to deal with.

Article 8

When a shareholder attending the Meeting wishes to speak, a Speech Note should be filled out with summary of the speech, the shareholder's number (or the number of the Attendance Card) and the name of the shareholder. The sequence of speeches by shareholders should be decided by the chairman.

If any shareholder presenting at the Meeting submits a Speech Note but does not speak, no speech should be deemed to have been made by such shareholder. In case the contents of the speech of a shareholder are inconsistent with the contents of the Speech Note, the contents of actual speech shall prevail.

Unless otherwise permitted by the chairman and the shareholder in speaking, no shareholder shall interrupt the speeches of the other shareholders; otherwise the chairman shall stop such interruption.

Article 9

If a corporate shareholder designates two or more representatives to attend the Meeting, only one representative is entitled to speak for each discussion item.

When reporting the topic, speech for each shareholder is limited to once, and the speech shall not exceed five minutes for all reporting items.

Unless otherwise permitted by the chairman, each shareholder shall not speak more than two times concerning each motion and each preposition shall not exceed 5 minutes with regard to each proposal listed in ratification and discussion items listed on the agenda, proposals collected during special motion procedure.

When a shareholder speaks with regard to non-proposal matters and expresses other opinions during the special motion session, the provisions in the preceding paragraph regarding speaking time and number of speaking times shall be applied.

In case the speech of any shareholder violates the proceeding four provisions, exceeds the scope of the discussion item, or disturbs the order of the meeting, the chairman is entitled to stop the speech of such shareholder.

Article 10

The Company may ask its lawyer, certified public accountant or related person to attend the Meeting. After a shareholder speaks, chairman may answer the question personally or designate the related person to answer the question.

Article 11

Unless otherwise required by the Company Act or the Articles of Incorporation, a resolution of a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted by a majority of the votes represented by the Shareholders present at the Meeting.

Article 12

The resolution shall be deemed adopted and shall have the same effect as if it was voted by casting ballots if no objection is voiced after solicitation by the chairman and the resolution is passed by applause. If there is objection, the resolution should be voted by casting ballots.

Article 13

If there is an amendment to or a substitute for a proposal of a discussion topic, the chairman shall decide the sequence of voting for the amendment or the substitute, together with the original proposal. If any one of them has been adopted, the others shall be deemed vetoed and no further voting is necessary.

Article 14

Where the chairman believes that the proposal discussed may be resolved, he/she may announce the ending of the discussion and propose that votes be made.

Article 15

During the Meeting, the chairman may, at his/her discretion, set time for intermission.

Article 16

The personnel supervising and calculating the votes for the proposals shall be designated by the chairman, but the supervising personnel shall be a shareholder.

The result of the votes shall be announced on the spot and recorded.

Article 17

The process of the meeting shall be fully recorded via audio or video recording, and retained for at least one (1) year.

Logistics staff and disciplinary officers (including security guards) assisting the Meeting shall wear badge or armband for identification purpose.

Article 18

The chairman may command the disciplinary personnel (or security guards) to help safeguard the order of the meeting site.

Article 19

These Rules and Procedures shall be effective from the date it is approved by the Shareholders' Meeting. The same applies in case of revision.

Article 20

These Regulations were enacted on September 21, 1991.

The 1st amendment was made on May 6, 1998.

The 2nd amendment was made on June 18, 2002.

The 3rd amendment was made on June 14, 2006.

The 4th amendment was made on June 16, 2009.

The 5th amendment was made on June 21, 2012.